

Hello!

This is what you have to do as homework for the next period. Practice with the adjective! There are 9 pages with various exercises and my idea is that you can spend 2 days working on the exercises on a page. Thus, you have 18 days to finish your individual study, so the deadline for this homework is the 31st of May, h24:00. Good luck! 😊

English Grammar

IV. Put the following quality adjectives in the correct order:

A.

- sugar / blue / round / bowl
- Physics / boring / old / teacher
- yellow / comfortable / leather / slippers
- round / small / reading / book
- German / old / yellow / car
- slim / Canadian / handsome / snowboarder
- wooden / huge / sailing / boat
- American / snobbish / new / colleague
- Romanian / old / ugly / lady
- big / dark / scary / eyes

B.

- expensive / silk / green / blouse
- fast / black / new / car
- bad / old / expensive / habit
- long / dark hair
- short / velvet / cheap / skirt
- pretty / young / talkative / person
- gothic / French / tall / cathedral
- fat / little / smart / boy
- beautiful / Spanish / young / teacher
- determined / middle-aged / well-built / man

V. Choose between:

a) alive, live, living

- I like watching ..... shows on TV.
- They had ..... fish in the tank.
- We have noticed a person that was probably ..... in the areas affected by floods.
- Fortunately, they were found .....
- No man ..... can do that.
- Frogs eat ..... insects.
- It's a miracle he is still ..... after having had such a terrible accident.

b) lonely, alone, solitary

- "Home ..... 3" was better than the first two parts.
- Mr. Johnson is a ..... person. He doesn't like anyone around him.
- The thieves knew she was ..... in the house.
- The ..... traveller stopped at the inn to eat something.

English Grammar

c) afraid, frightened

- I should not be ..... of such small animals.
- I was ..... when I heard about the accident.
- She gave the stranger a ..... look.

d) asleep, sleeping

- We have to buy some ..... bags if we want to go on that trip.
- He was ..... when we returned from the cinema.
- The ..... child was lying in the cradle.
- When you told me about the wedding, I was already ..... so I don't remember anything about the details.

VI. Form the adjective from the noun or the verb given:

- beauty; 2. to resist; 3. to produce; 4. attention; 5. to talk; 6. compassion; 7. emotion; 8. youth; 9. scientist; 10. technique; 11. energy; 12. economy; 13. health; 14. industry; 15. innovation; 16. to demonstrate; 17. advantage; 18. to succeed; 19. to practise; 20. season; 21. climate; 22. system; 23. to admire; 24. to involve; 25. religion; 26. courage; 27. to deliberate; 28. to use; 29. favour; 30. to doubt.

VII. Correct the possible mistakes:

- My most biggest enemy is time.
- The new French teacher is both beautiful and young.
- It would be more easler if you had a car.
- He invited that young beautiful lady to dinner.
- I am happily to see that you have recovered.
- It was a very expensive trip but it was worth every penny.
- My whole life was destroyed by that stupid accident.
- I was pleasing to hear that you have managed to have your own company.
- The classroom was very empty, although I didn't expect it to be so.
- The exercise is simply, you just have to fill in the empty space.

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- friends - Jane (not many); 2. milk - in the glass (a little); 3. pictures - on the wall (several); 4. money - Judith (not much); 5. rooms - in this house (a few); 6. times - you/ to repeat/ the question (a few); 7. sugar - in the bowl (little); 8. beer - in the bottle (little); 9. bananas - in the basket (a few); 10. luggage - on the platform (a lot).

XXXIX. Choose the right words:

- There aren't (much/many) dictionaries in our school library.
- Mike would like (a few/a little) milk in his tea.
- There are (much more/many more) pupils present today than yesterday.
- There were (no less/no fewer) than fifty applicants for that job.
- There aren't (much/many) theatres in this town.
- (Many and many/more and more) children are studying foreign languages nowadays.
- People have (fewer/less) money today than they used to have five years ago.
- She can't let me use much of her perfume. There's only (little/a little) in the bottle.
- This text is rather difficult. She has had to look up (few/a few) new words in the dictionary.
- You must hurry. There is (little/a little) time left.

XLI. Work on the model:

It's becoming ... (warm).  
It's becoming warmer and warmer.

- It's becoming ... to find a job. (difficult)
- ... people are travelling abroad. (many)
- As the time passed, the little girl became ... (talkative)
- There are ... mistakes in his papers. (few)
- At the end of autumn, the weather becomes ... (bad)
- Life is becoming ... nowadays. (expensive)
- After so much practice, it's getting ... to do such exercises. (easy)
- As the day went on, the wind became ... (strong)
- I agree with you that the story is becoming ... (exciting)
- That morning the children became ... (noisy)

XLI. Choose a half-sentence from Box A to go with a half-sentence from Box B:

A	B
1. The sooner	a) the merrier
2. The warmer the weather	b) the fewer things we can afford to buy
3. The bigger the children	c) the longer the days
4. The harder our work is	d) the greedier he became
5. The richer he was	e) the sooner you will get there
6. The more she has	f) the lighter our clothes are
7. The shorter the nights	g) the better
8. The earlier you leave	h) the greater satisfaction we have
9. The more	i) the greater the problems
10. The higher the prices	j) the more she wants

XLII. Correct the following sentences:

- This man proved to be the ignorantest person I had ever met.
- You can't find a more prettier girl in this town.
- Of the two, I like Julia best.
- The gooder our results are, the more happy we become.
- Who is the youngest, Paul or Laura?
- My brother plays tennis regularly. He thinks it's a fascinated game.
- The weather today is as worse as it

THE ADJECTIVE

was yesterday. 8. I have much more friends than you have. 9. Pamela has fewer money than her brother. 10. George is three years elder than his sister. 11. Have you read my last poem? 12. We can't buy that car because we have too few money. 13. This book is becoming more fascinating and more fascinating. 14. The higher the prices, the less things we can buy. 15. Clothes that you make yourself are better than in the shop. 16. Most highways in Germany are wider than Romania. 17. Swimming in the sea is harder than a lake. 18. It is more cheaper to travel by road. 19. Rebecca was the worse dancer in the class. 20. As I had a few luggage, I had to take a cab.

XLIII. Put the words in brackets in the correct position:

- a coat (long; leather; brown); 2. a bar (chocolate; big; new); 3. a castle (small; English; old); 4. a dog (fat; big; white); 5. some shoes (running; modern; super); 6. a car (American; grey; fast; cheap); 7. a cottage (stone-built; small; old); 8. a dress (cotton; summer; short; white and blue); 9. a comedy (English; terrific; new); 10. a fire (electric; excellent; small).

XLIV. Translate into English:

- Am admirat atunci peisaje pitorești în Carpații meridionali. 2. Janet era o femeie bună la inimă, așa că adesea îi ajuta pe săraci. 3. Eu cred că el a fost bine intenționat, dar e limpede că bună ziua că nu a reușit să găsească cele mai bune soluții. 4. Călătoriile în spațiul cosmic devin tot mai frecvente. 5. După ce a ieșit la pensie, puține prietene au mai vizitat-o. 6. Fiul meu mai mare este cu trei ani mai mare decât cel mai vechi prieten al tău. 7. Ultimele știri sunt încurajatoare. 8. Mie mi-au plăcut ambele fete, dar eu cred că cea mai mică e și cea mai drăguță. 9. Aceste aspecte ale problemei sunt mai puțin interesante decât cele precedente. 10. Este firesc ca polonezii să vorbească poloneza, turcii să vorbească turca, iar finlandezii să vorbească finlandeza. 11. Ție Ție este mult mai frică decât ei că prețurile vor deveni tot mai mari. 12. Știu că el a făcut tot posibilul să afle detalii suplimentare despre ultimele noastre cercetări. 13. Uitându-mă la cei doi copii, nu pot crede că primul este la fel de mare ca și al doilea. 14. Deși este un sfat obișnuit să alegi din două rele pe cel mai puțin rău, uneori nu știi care este cel mai puțin rău. 15. Sunt absolut sigur că fiica lui cea mai mare este cu cel puțin zece ani mai mare decât fiica lui cea mai mică. 16. Cu cât îmbătrânim, cu atât mai bogată este experiența noastră de viață. 17. Bărbatul cu umeri lași își puse pe el haina cu mâneci lungi și a plecat de acasă în mare grabă. 18. M-am oprit la următorul oficiu poștal și i-am trimis fostului meu profesor de engleză o ilustrată. 19. Mi-e o foame de lup fiindcă am mâncat puțin astăzi. 20. Mary, care este generozitatea intruchipată, era foarte mulțumită că-i poate ajuta pe săraci.

„În cele din urmă ... mărturisii că în adevăr el este fiul lor cel mai mic. Atunci împărțul, supărat, chemă pe feciorii lui cei mai mari și întreabă pe Práslea cum să-i pedepsească.”  
(Práslea cel voinic și merlele de aur)

„Sub cerul cenușiu de toamnă ca un clopot de sticlă aburită, spânzurațoarea nouă și sfidătoare înfiptă la marginea satului întindea brațul cu ștreangul spre câmpia neagră, înțepată ici-colo cu aburi.”  
(Liviu Rebreanu, Pădurea spânzurațoară)

„Și eu cât mă apropiam de satul natal, cu atât se deșteptau amintirile copilăriei.”  
(M. Sadoveanu, Domnu Trandafir)

**LXV. Complete these sentences with *most* or *most of*:**

1. I had a busy day yesterday ... the time I helped my parents. 2. ... boys like playing football. 3. ... my friends will come to my birthday party. 4. My neighbour is poorer than ... people in our village. 5. I think you have read ... my books. 6. My daughter hates ... pop music. 7. ... drivers break the speed limit. 8. ... customers who come in our shop are local people.

**LXVI. Complete the following sentences with *at the whole*. Work on the model:**

It was terrible. The fire destroyed ... building.  
The fire destroyed **the whole** building.

1. He liked the story so much that he read ... book that night. 2. Last year, we spent ... week in London. 3. We're so tired. We have worked ... day to repair our car. 4. I heard ... story once again. 5. You must tell her ... truth. 6. Although she was very tired, she saw ... film. 7. He was so hungry that he ate ... loaf. 8. We had so many things to tell each other that we talked ... morning. 9. The baby cried ... time I was in the garden.

**LXVII. Pick out the pronominal adjectives in the sentences below and say what kind of adjective each one is. Work on the model:**

Whose brother gave my son this ball?  
**whose** - interrogative adjective  
**my** - possessive adjective  
**this** - demonstrative adjective

1. What question did that man ask you? 2. No student managed to read the whole novel. 3. Some children come here every day. 4. Both girls had enough money for their trip. 5. I laugh every time I think of such a joke. 6. Some pages in this dictionary are missing, so please, give me another one. 7. John had such a strong foreign accent that no classmate could understand him. 8. What trees grow in that part of your country? 9. This boy studied in the same school as his father had done. 10. How many exercises has each student done?

**LXVIII. Translate the following sentences into English using pronominal adjectives:**

1. Bunicul ne vizitează din când în când. 2. Tu poți să o iei pe oricare dintre cele două fuste. 3. George și Nick vor să înceapă propriile lor afaceri. 4. Erau destui oameni ca să înceapă discuțiile. 5. Avem amintiri atât de frumoase despre locul acela încât ne-am hotărât să-l revizităm. 6. Verișorul meu studiază aceeași limbă străină ca și tine. 7. Unii oameni conduc mașina cu multă atenție, alții o conduc necugetat. 8. Cât whisky ai băut? 9. Fiecare băiat avea un steag în mână. 10. Tata a scris aceste cuvinte cu propria lui mână. 11. Noi mergem la munte din două în două săptămâni. 12. Mary mi-a împrumutat două cărți, dar nici o carte nu este interesantă. 13. El a avut destulă bătaie de cap cu noua lui mașină. 14. Ambele tale răspunsuri dovedesc că nu ai învățat lecția. 15. Orice sportiv trebuie să se antreneze serios. 16. Ce lucru ciudat! 17. Ea și-a cheltuit toți banii în câteva zile. 18. Sora ta este o adevărată artistă!

**VIII. Fill in with the appropriate preposition:**

**A.**

1. You know very well John is bad ..... French, but he is very good ..... Maths.  
2. As a boss, you are responsible ..... everything that happens in your department.  
3. Although they have the same parents, John is very different ..... his brother Paul, both physically and morally.  
4. I am angry ..... you because you should have told me about your problem and maybe I could have helped you.  
5. I didn't know Susan was married ..... Peter.  
6. You should not be jealous ..... Ann. She is just a good friend. We have known each other since we were kids.  
7. I was amazed ..... hearing the really good news.  
8. I am angry ..... the fact that you didn't pass the exam.  
9. How could you do a thing like that? I am surprised ..... you!  
10. You shouldn't be so rude ..... elderly people.

**B.**

1. Please, don't disturb me over the next few hours, as I will be busy ..... the project for the law firm.  
2. Leonardo di Caprio is mainly famous ..... his role in "Titanic".  
3. You can be sure I am concerned ..... you.  
4. I have never been optimistic ..... my future.  
5. Although Christine may seem unattractive ..... you, she may seem attractive ..... other persons.  
6. William will have a great career, he is receptive ..... everything that is new.  
7. We are very excited ..... the trip.  
8. I am disappointed ..... the news.  
9. Give me other examples similar ..... the one that I gave you.  
10. She is very kind ..... poor people.

**IX. Fill in the blanks with the intensifiers "a lot", "a good deal", "a great deal", "far", "much", "even" or "ever" for the comparative and "by far", "possible", "imaginable" for the superlative:**

**A.**

1. This is the best answer ..... You couldn't have given a better one.  
2. If you were to ask me, the moral aspect is ..... more important than the physical one.  
3. She is ..... more beautiful than her sister.  
4. It would have been ..... better if you had asked me before acting.  
5. This is the most beautiful present ..... I couldn't expect more.

**B.**

1. It was ..... better than they had expected.

2. His manners are ..... worse than his sister's.  
3. Tom is ..... the tallest boy in his class.  
4. This holiday was the most restful ..... Nothing went wrong.  
5. I can say my life is ..... more beautiful. I don't know whom I should thank for that.

**C.**

1. Nick believes that it is ..... more interesting to watch a football match live than on TV.  
2. Mary is ..... older than I thought.  
3. Money is ..... more important nowadays.  
4. The cakes my mother makes are ..... more delicious than what one can buy from a tea room.  
5. The new generations of pupils are considered to be ..... more intelligent than the former ones.

**X. Fill in the blanks with the following adjectives: last, informal, rude, eager, stubborn, nasty, sensitive, faint, foreign, amazing, high, irresponsible, reliable, determined, brilliant, luxuriant, unforgettable, continual, identical, powerful.**

**A.**

1. Their ..... jokes made her shrink from society.  
2. It is not necessary to type an ..... letter.  
3. Can you hear that ..... sound?  
4. Everybody should learn a ..... language.  
5. Don't try to persuade him. He is as ..... as a mule.  
6. Their income for this year is as ..... as in 2005.  
7. She is a very ..... person. When she wants something, she gets it.  
8. A very ..... hurricane hit Los Angeles last week.  
9. Their wedding was an ..... moment.  
10. He had the ..... idea to start singing and he made the party a success.

**B.**

1. Not long ago, computers were considered an ..... invention.  
2. They found their ..... dog very quickly.  
3. As a friend, Mark is a ..... person. One can trust him.  
4. Their tests are ..... I will punish both of them.  
5. We receive ..... complaints about the quality of services.  
6. I didn't expect him to be so ..... to criticism.  
7. The ..... image of the palm trees is impressive.  
8. I am ..... to attend the first night at the opera.  
9. He can be very ..... sometimes, he's got no manners.  
10. You are ..... to ignore these warnings.

## PRACTICE

I. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets (comparative or superlative):

1.
  - a. My house is ..... than yours. (big)
  - b. This is the ..... book I have ever read. (interesting)
  - c. I don't think you could have ever seen a ..... film than this one. (boring)
  - d. She had a ..... face than the other day. (happy)
  - e. The mirror is ..... after having been cleaned. (bright)
  - f. The ..... news is horrible! Two of the drivers involved in the accident on the highway died. (late)
  - g. Shakespeare's ..... play was "Henry VIII". (late)
  - h. I need ..... information on this topic. (far)
  - i. She usually spends ..... time with her homework than her classmates. She is very intelligent. (little)
  - j. I am eighteen. My ..... brother is 21, while my ..... brother is 10. (old, young)
2.
  - a. Do you have any ..... questions? (far)
  - b. Reaching the Omu peak was ..... thing I had ever done. (exhausting)
  - c. This is ..... thing you could do. (crazy)
  - d. This is ..... if you had stolen a car. You really are in trouble! (bad)
  - e. The ..... level of the Danube river was recorded in 1979. (high)
  - f. The ..... thing I expected you to do was to leave home. (late)
  - g. With the age, each person becomes ..... (wise)
  - h. Although you could say the two dresses have the same colour, one of them is ..... than the other. (green)
  - i. This is ..... news than I thought. (good)
  - j. Getting married is the ..... moment in the life of a couple. (happy)

II. Adjective or adverb? Choose the right answer.

1. She shouted ..... at him.
 

a. angry;	b. angrily.
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2. He is a ..... worker.
 

a. careless;	b. carelessly.
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3. This is a very ..... object.
 

a. useful;	b. usefully.
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4. Ken sang a very ..... song.
 

a. beautiful;	b. beautifully.
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5. Mary understood us very .....
 

a. good;	b. well.
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6. The answer was .....
 

a. correct;	b. correctly.
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7. You shouldn't have behaved so .....
 

a. bad;	b. badly.
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8. Tell me ..... what happened.
 

a. brief;	b. briefly.
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9. .... sports are dangerous enough.
 

a. extreme;	b. extremely.
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10. The shop is ..... located near the hostel.
 

a. conveniently;	b. convenient.
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## B.

1. A way that is too ..... doesn't bring anything good.
 

a. easy;	b. easily.
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2. Unfortunately, the story was .....
 

a. real;	b. really.
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3. Her ideas were ..... enough.
 

a. strange;	b. strangely.
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4. I was ..... in love with one of my colleagues when I was in high school.
 

a. deep;	b. deeply.
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5. Think ..... before acting.
 

a. clear;	b. clearly.
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6. The ..... work was exceptional.
 

a. entire;	b. entirely.
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7. Act ..... and nothing wrong will happen.
 

a. normal;	b. normally.
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8. That problem was ..... difficult.
 

a. extreme;	b. extremely.
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9. The ..... news has been heard by Anne.
 

a. bad;	b. badly.
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10. I was expecting a ..... answer.
 

a. clear;	b. clearly.
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III. Choose the correct form of the adjective: "-ed" or "-ing":

## A.

1. Wendy was ..... in that book.
 

a. interested	b. interesting
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2. Although the proposition was very ....., I refused it.
 

a. challenged	b. challenging
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3. That was a very ..... moment, as I found out the truth about my best friend.
 

a. disappointed	b. disappointing
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4. The information was ..... as it had different data of the same event.
 

a. confused	b. confusing
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## B.

1. You didn't lose anything because the film was very .....
 

a. bored	b. boring
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2. This is the most ..... moment of my life.
 

a. excited	b. exciting
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3. The ..... news came unexpectedly.
 

a. terrified	b. terrifying
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4. The ..... moment was enjoyed by everyone.
 

a. delighted	b. delighting
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5. I have never seen such a ..... image.
 

a. disgusted	b. disgusting
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## C.

1. I admit I have been ..... for a long period after the accident, but now I am fine.
 

a. depressed	b. depressing
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2. The ..... moment passed very quickly.
 

a. thrilled	b. thrilling
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3. That was a very ..... situation.
 

a. amused	b. amusing
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4. You should not be ..... about undressing in front of the doctor.
 

a. embarrassed	b. embarrassing
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5. Most of the children are ..... by snakes.
 

a. fascinated	b. fascinating
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